

Title for paper submitted to International Journal for Science and Advance Research In Technology (22Px)

First Author^{*}, Second Author^{**}, Third Author^{***} (10px)

^{*} Department, Institute Name (9px)

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Abstract- Mention the abstract for the article. An abstract is a brief summary of a research article, thesis, review, conference proceeding or any in-depth analysis of a particular subject or discipline, and is often used to help the reader quickly ascertain the paper's purpose. When used, an abstract always appears at the beginning of a manuscript, acting as the point-of-entry for any given scientific paper or patent application.

Keywords- About four key words or phrases in alphabetical order, separated by commas. Keywords are used to retrieve documents in an information system such as an online journal or a search engine. (Mention 4-5 keywords)

I. INTRODUCTION

This article guides a stepwise walkthrough by Experts for writing a successful journal or a research paper starting from inception of ideas till their publications. Research papers are highly recognized in scholar fraternity and form a core part of PhD curriculum. Research scholars publish their research work in leading journals to complete their grades. In addition, the published research work also provides a big weight-age to get admissions in reputed varsity. Now, here we enlist the proven steps to publish the research paper in a journal.

In Introduction you can mention the introduction about your research

Identify the constructs of a Journal – Essentially a journal consists of five major sections. The number of pages may vary depending upon the topic of research work but generally comprises up to 5 to 7 pages. These are: multi-label learning, more than one class can be assigned to an instance. With the increase in the number of data

II. IDENTIFY, RESEARCH AND COLLECT IDEA

It's the foremost preliminary step for proceeding with any research work writing. While doing this go through a complete thought process of your Journal subject and research for its viability by following means:

- 1) Read already published work in the same field.
- 2) Goggling on the topic of your research work.

III. WRITE DOWN YOUR STUDIES AND FINDINGS

Now it is the time to articulate the research work with ideas gathered in above steps by adopting any of below suitable approaches:

A. Bits and Pieces together

In this approach combine all your researched information in form of a journal or research paper. In this researcher can take the reference of already accomplished work as a starting building block of its paper.
Jump Start

This approach works the best in guidance of fellow researchers. In this the authors continuously receives or asks inputs from their fellows. It enriches the information pool of your paper with expert comments or up gradations. And the researcher feels confident about their work and takes a jump to start the paper writing.

IV. GET PEER REVIEWED

Here comes the most crucial step for your research publication. Ensure the drafted journal is critically reviewed by your peers or any subject matter experts. Always try to get maximum review comments even if you are well confident about your paper.

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V. IMPROVEMENT AS PER REVIEWER COMMENTS

Analyze and understand all the provided review comments thoroughly. Now make the required amendments in your paper. If you are not confident about any review comment, then don't forget to get clarity about that comment. And in some

cases there could be chances where your paper receives number of critical remarks. In that cases don't get disheartened and try to improvise the maximum.

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VI. CONCLUSION

A conclusion section is not required. Although a conclusion may review the main points of the paper, do not replicate the abstract as the conclusion. A conclusion might elaborate on the importance of the work or suggest applications and extensions.

APPENDIX

Appendixes, if needed, appear before the acknowledgment.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The preferred spelling of the word —acknowledgmentl in American English is without an —el after the —g.l Use the singular heading even if you have many acknowledgments.

REFERENCES

- [1] X. Y. Jing, F. Wu, Z. Li, R. Hu and D. Zhang, "Multi-Label Dictionary Learning for Image Annotation," in IEEE Transactions on Image Processing, vol. 25, no. 6, pp. 2712-2725, June 2016.